



**DBMS\_XPLAN**

**We have some xplaining to do  
Dallas Deeds  
Nationwide**

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**CLEVELAND PUBLIC AUDITORIUM, CLEVELAND, OHIO**

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# Dallas Deeds

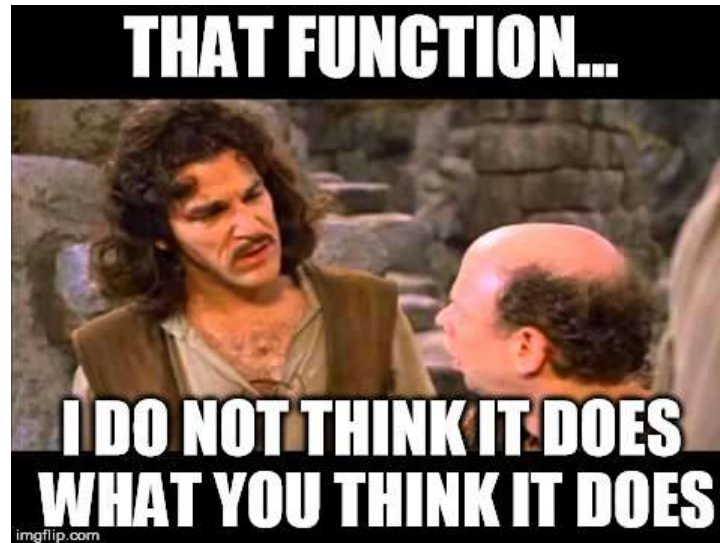
- Work for Nationwide
- Oracle DBA since 1997, v 7.3
- Primarily focused on Oracle & Solaris/Linux performance since 2001
- In IT since 1995
- 1,200+ databases
  - 100+ multi-node RAC databases
  - Whole bunch of RAC one-node
  - Small number of standalones
  - 10.2 -> 18.5

# Why would I talk about dbms\_xplan?

- Everyone uses it, right?
  - *most people use it, but most don't use it as well as they could*
- *Executions plans are fundamental*
- *Cloud!* <the overlords require I say the word at least once>
- Carol Dacko
- There are a lot of functions
  - *Do they do what you think they do?*
  - *What are the defaults giving you?*
  - *What are you giving to the functions?*
- There are a lot of formats
  - *What are they really displaying?*

## Some personal experience...

- Display()
- Cursor\_child\_no

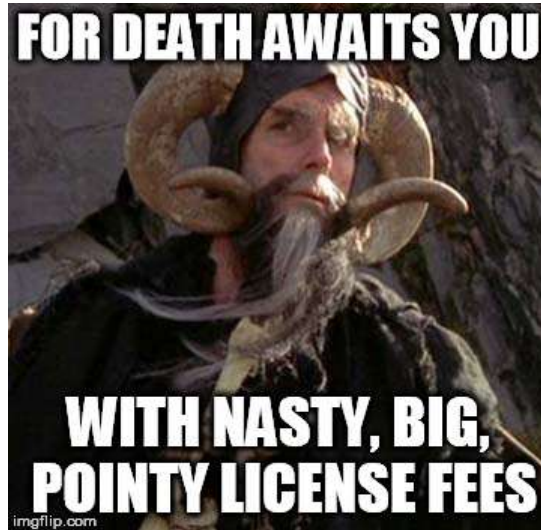


# A bit of history

- First introduced in 9i
  - *Documentation only lists the display() function*
- Enhanced in each release since
  - *10g – 10 functions*
  - *11g – 21 functions*
  - *12c – 26 functions*
  - *18c – 30 functions*
  - *19c – 33 functions*

## Safety slide

- Some functions (`display_awr`, for example) require additional licensing



# Safety slide, cont'd

- **NOTE:** This slide represents my interpretation of documentation I have read. Oracle frequently changes their licensing and they are the final arbiter concerning what they license. Consult your Oracle representative for current licensing requirements.
- DISPLAY\_AWR
  - *Requires the diagnostic pack*
- DISPLAY\_SQLSET
  - *Requires Real Application Testing Option <or Tuning Pack>, depends on version*
  - *Some API subprograms to manage STS are included in 12.1 EE*
- DISPLAY\_SQL\_PLAN\_BASELINE
  - *License docs indicate that SPM is included in 12.1 EE*
  - *Found no mention in the 11.1 docs*

# Useful functions

- DISPLAY
- DISPLAY\_CURSOR
- DISPLAY\_AWR
- DISPLAY\_PLAN
- DIFF\_PLAN(\_AWR, \_CURSOR, \_OUTLINE, \_BASELINE)
- DISPLAY\_SQLSET
- DISPLAY\_SQL\_PLAN\_BASELINE
- DISPLAY\_SQL\_P[ROFILE,ATCH]\_PLAN
- COMPARE\_PLANS
- There are also undocumented internal functions that dbms\_xplan passes around



# DISPLAY

- Displays the contents of a plan table
  - May be **'the'** plan\_table or a table with the same column names
- Returns a DBMS\_XPLAN\_TYPE\_TABLE
- Autotrace explain uses this function (can be seen in 10046 output)

```
orcl_ora_6497.trc:SELECT PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT FROM  
      TABLE(CAST(DBMS_XPLAN.PREPARE_RECORDS(:B1 , :B2 ) AS SYS.DBMS_XPLAN_TYPE_TABLE))  
orcl_ora_6497.trc:SELECT PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT FROM  
      TABLE(DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY('PLAN_TABLE', :1))
```

- Use caution, this is what the optimizer *\*thinks\** will happen
- May use filter\_preds option to restrict which rows are displayed
  - *Filter\_preds is subject to SQL injection*

# DISPLAY\_PLAN

- Displays the contents of a plan\_table with a CLOB return type
- Can produce multiple outputs (types)
  - TEXT
  - HTML
  - ACTIVE
  - XML
- ACTIVE is a rich EM-like interface
  - *Which I have been unable to get working properly*
  - *It requires outside connectivity as it downloads code to generate the ACTIVE display*
- XML doesn't appear have a style with it, so my browser complains

# DISPLAY\_PLAN Syntax

```
DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY_PLAN (  
    TABLE_NAME          IN      VARCHAR2    DEFAULT 'PLAN_TABLE',  
    STATEMENT_ID         IN      VARCHAR2    DEFAULT NULL,  
    FORMAT               IN      VARCHAR2    DEFAULT 'TYPICAL',  
    FILTER_PREDS        IN      VARCHAR2    DEFAULT NULL,  
    TYPE                 IN      VARCHAR2    DEFAULT 'TEXT')  
RETURNS CLOB
```

## DISPLAY\_PLAN, cont'd

- Doesn't seem particularly useful, especially since it uses a `plan_table`

 Most Visited ▾  Oracle Technology ...  Application E

Plan Hash Value : 3993303771

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost	Time
0	SELECT STATEMENT		1000000	100000000	4012	00:00:01
1	TABLE ACCESS FULL	BIG_TABLE	1000000	100000000	4012	00:00:01

# DISPLAY\_CURSOR

- Displays an execution plan of a cursor from the cursor cache
- Shows what actually happened
- Plan statistics can be displayed with additional formats
- Must have select privileges to
  - V\$sql\_plan
  - V\$sql
  - V\$sql\_plan\_statistics\_all
- Defaults to displaying the last executed statement
  - *If you don't set serveroutput off, you will get dbms\_output data, not the last statement*

# DISPLAY\_CURSOR SYNTAX

```
DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY_CURSOR(  
    SQL_ID          IN  VARCHAR2  DEFAULT  NULL,  
    CURSOR_CHILD_NO IN  NUMBER     DEFAULT  0,  
    FORMAT          IN  VARCHAR2  DEFAULT  'TYPICAL' );  
RETURNS DBMS_XPLAN_TYPE_TABLE
```

(overloaded in recent releases to allow for sharding)

# Displaying past plans

- How do you *\*find\** plans from the past?
  - `Dbahist_sql_plan`
  - `Dbms_xplan.display_awr`
- How do you display plans from the past?
  - `Dbms_xplan.display_awr`

# Finding past plans

- DBA\_HIST\_SQL\_PLAN (also requires diagnostic pack license)

```
SQL> select distinct(plan_hash_value) from dba_hist_sql_plan  
2 where sql_id = '74cpnuu24wmx7';
```

```
PLAN_HASH_VALUE  
-----  
2135018976  
75148593  
908282281  
297866626
```



# DISPLAY\_AWR

- Display\_awr
  - Default for plan\_hash\_value is null, so it will display **all** plans for a SQL\_ID!
- Must have select privileges on
  - Dbahistsqltext
  - Dbahistsqlplan
  - V\$database

# DISPLAY\_AWR Syntax

```
DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY_AWR(  
    SQL_ID           IN          VARCHAR2,  
    PLAN_HASH_VALUE  IN          NUMBER DEFAULT NULL,  
    DB_ID            IN          NUMBER DEFAULT NULL,  
    FORMAT           IN          VARCHAR2 DEFAULT TYPICAL,  
    CON_ID           IN          NUMBER(38) DEFAULT NULL,  
    AWR_LOCATION     IN          VARCHAR2 DEFAULT NULL);  
RETURNS DBMS_XPLAN_TYPE_TABLE
```

# SPM, Tuning Sets, & Profiles

- STS – SQL statements, execution context/statistics, and plans
  - *Allows for grouping SQL and metadata into one object, for*
    - Input to advisors
    - Transport between databases
- SQL Profile – a database object containing supplemental stats for a particular statement
  - *Including cardinality adjustments*
  - *Doesn't tie the optimizer to a particular plan*
- SPM – 'baselines' a set of plans for a SQL handle that the optimizer is allowed to use
  - *Allows the optimizer to only use accepted plans*
  - *Prevents performance regression*

# Finding plans for baselines

- `DISPLAY_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE`
  - *Requires select privilege on `dba_sql_plan_baselines`*
- Displays one or more plans for a `SQL_HANDLE`
- `SQL_HANDLE` and `PLAN_NAME` both default to null
  - *One might think that if both are null then all `sql_handles` and all `plan_names` would be displayed*
  - *Alas, that would be incorrect. One or the other must be supplied*
- If a `PLAN_NAME` is passed then that plan is displayed else all plans for a particular `SQL_HANDLE` are displayed

# DISPLAY\_SQL\_PLAN\_BASELINE Syntax

```
DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY_SQL_PLAN_BASELINE (  
    SQL_HANDLE      IN VARCHAR2 := NULL,  
    PLAN_NAME       IN VARCHAR2 := NULL,  
    FORMAT          IN VARCHAR2 := 'TYPICAL')  
RETURNS DBMS_XPLAN_TYPE_TABLE
```

# DISPLAY\_SQLSET

- Displays plan(s) for a statement from a SQL Tuning Set
- If no plan\_hash\_value is provided, all plans for the statement are shown
- Need administer any sql tuning set to display SQL tuning sets you don't own

# DISPLAY\_SQLSET Syntax

```
DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY_SQLSET(  
    SQLSET_NAME      IN  VARCHAR2,  
    SQL_ID           IN  VARCHAR2,  
    PLAN_HASH_VALUE  IN  NUMBER := NULL,  
    FORMAT           IN  VARCHAR2 := 'TYPICAL',  
    SQLSET_OWNER     IN  VARCHAR2 := NULL)  
RETURN DBMS_XPLAN_TYPE_TABLE
```

# DISPLAY\_SQL\_P[ROFILE,ATCH]\_PLAN

- New in 12.1
- Not sure how terribly useful these are as yet
- Display
  - *SQL\_TEXT*
    - For sys-generated profiles (SYS\_SQLPROF\*) it appears some hints are embedded
  - *Profile/Patch name*
  - *Status*
  - *Plan rows is listed, but not stored/displayed*



# DISPLAY\_SQL\_P[ROFILE,ATCH]\_PLAN syntax

```
DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY_SQL_PROFILE_PLAN(  
    NAME          IN  VARCHAR2,  
    FORMAT        IN  VARCHAR2  := 'TYPICAL')  
RETURN DBMS_XPLAN_TYPE_TABLE
```

```
DBMS_XPLAN.DISPLAY_SQL_PATCH_PLAN(  
    NAME          IN  VARCHAR2,  
    FORMAT        IN  VARCHAR2  := 'TYPICAL')  
RETURN DBMS_XPLAN_TYPE_TABLE
```

# DIFF\_PLAN

- Has a whole bunch of different variants
- `_CURSOR`, `_OUTLINE`, `_SQL_BASELINE`, `_AWR`,
- All undocumented except `DIFF_PLAN`, and that is spotty/variable
- Sounds really cool
- I have been unable to get *\*any\** of them to work, they don't seem to be ready for prime time
- Morgan's Library has an example of `diff_plan_cursor`, but I could not duplicate his success

## For example...

- DIFF\_PLAN\_SQL\_BASELINE
- Seems pretty nifty
- Requires the ADVISOR privilege – this gave me hope
- But only required it to error out properly:

```
select
dbms_xplan.diff_plan_sql_baseline('SQL_PLAN_0u5f7k97ywa5jcf314e9e',
SQL_PLAN_0u5f7k97ywa5jff67ee4d1') from dual
*
```

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-14552: cannot perform a DDL, commit or rollback inside a query  
or DML

ORA-06512: at "SYS.PRVT\_ADVISOR", line 5026

ORA-14551: cannot perform a DML operation inside a query

# COMPARE\_PLANS

- Used to compare plans
- Takes a reference\_plan (must be a single plan)
- and a plan\_object\_list (one or more plans)
- Plan sources for the list are described in the docs
- Docs indicate that plan sources for an object list can be

PLAN\_TABLE\_OBJECT

CURSOR\_CACHE\_OBJECT

AWR\_OBJECT

SQLSET\_OBJECT

SPM\_OBJECT

SQL\_PROFILE\_OBJECT

ADVISOR\_OBJECT

- Parameters vary by object

# COMPARE\_PLANS, cont'd

- I have tried several of these
- And THEY WORK!!!!
- Some don't provide useful information
- But they don't barf!

# COMPARE\_PLANS

```
DBMS_XPLAN.COMPARE_PLANS (  
  reference_plan      IN generic_plan_object,  
  compare_plan_list  IN plan_object_list,  
  type                IN VARCHAR2 := 'TEXT',  
  level               IN VARCHAR2 := 'TYPICAL',  
  section             IN VARCHAR2 := 'ALL')  
RETURN CLOB;
```

# BASE Formats

- 4 simple formats
  - *Basic*
  - *Typical*
  - *Serial*
  - *All*

# Basic format

- Displays *\*very\** basic information
  - *Operation ID, Operation, Operation Options*
- Not terribly useful
  - *Unless you want an uncluttered view that shows \*just\* the plan steps*

```
SQL> select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor(sql_id=>'akcdbbd6kxp09',format=>'BASIC'));
```

```
PLAN_TABLE_OUTPUT
```

```
-----  
EXPLAINED SQL STATEMENT:
```

```
-----  
SELECT REQUIREMENTDATAHISTORYID FROM REQUIREMENTDATAHISTORY WHERE  
UPDATEDATE BETWEEN :B2 AND :B1
```

```
Plan hash value: 1638392505
```

```
-----  
| Id | Operation          | Name  
-----  
| 0 | SELECT STATEMENT  |  
| 1 | FILTER            |  
| 2 | TABLE ACCESS FULL| REQUIREMENTDATAHISTORY
```



# Typical format

- The default
  - *if you don't specify, this is what you get*
- Columns included in BASIC format, plus
  - *Rows: number of rows the optimizer expects to return*
  - *Bytes: expected rows \* avg\_row\_len*
  - *Cost*
  - *Time*
- If relevant, shows
  - *Partition pruning*
  - *Parallel operations (PCWP, Parallel to Serial)*
  - *Predicate information*
  - *Unused and/or errored hints*

# Predicate information

- Why is it important?
- It shows which lines are access predicates and which are filter predicates
  - *Access – getting only data we need*
  - *Filter – we get more data than we need and throw some away*
- It shows datatype mismatches
  - *Where date\_col = 'string'*
  - *This is important!*
- Shows query transformations
  - *If  $a = b$  and  $c = b$ , then  $a = c$*

# Serial format

- Typical minus parallel information
  - *Parallel is still apparent, but nothing about what it was doing*
    - No parallel operation information

# ALL format

- TYPICAL + additional information
  - *Projection*
  - *Query block and object aliases*
  - *Remote*
  - *Hint\_report*
- All does *\*not\** mean everything

# Projection

- Given inputs, here is the list of columns returned (and their datatypes)
- May be handy when someone has done a select \*
- May be interesting to see the pile of columns you are carrying through a plan
- I've looked at thousands of plans and I haven't used it once that I recall

# Query Block and aliases

- Shows query block and object alias information (surprise!)
- Very useful in complicated queries to show where each plan step is occurring
- Shows up like `sel$`, etc if Oracle picks them
- User-defined via the `/*+ qb_name ( ) */` hint

```
select /*+ qb_name(main_query) */ employee_id  
from employees;
```

# Sauce for the goose, Mr. SaAvik

- Can add or subtract columns or entire sections
- May be used with '+' or '-' or nothing
- + means add specified format in addition to the specified (or default) base format
  - *Options separated by spaces are also legal, so '+' is not required*
- - means the all of the base format \*except\* the specified format options
  - *The '-' is NOT optional if you want to exclude formats*
- This can enhance the readability of plans by excluding the irrelevant bits

```
select * from table(dbms_xplan.display_cursor('3k4sh40hw6rum',0,'TYPICAL +ALIAS -BYTES'));
```

# Demo of base formats

- Base formats
- Additional adds and exclusions between base formats
- Like adding 'alias' to typical (producing qb/alias section), while removing bytes



# Various add-on format options

- NOTE
- ADAPTIVE
- IOSTATS
- MEMSTATS
- ALLSTATS
- LAST
- PEEKED\_BINDS
- OUTLINE
- ADVANCED
- HINT\_REPORT

# How do I know what I have?

- NOTE
- Displays the notes section
  - *It appears that in 11.2 and higher that this shows up when relevant in TYPICAL format even without requesting it*
- Shows
  - *whether a plan went adaptive, but not what was changed*
  - *Cardinality feedback (statistics feedback in 12.x) was used*
  - *Dynamic sampling was used*
  - *Plan Control was used*
    - SQL Plan Directives were used
    - SQL Plan Baselines were used
    - SQL Profiles were used

# Adaptive plans

- The notes section tells you when something went adaptive, but nothing else
- This is where the ADAPTIVE format comes in!
- Displays the final plan
- '-' denotes plan steps that were skipped
- Only available in 12.1 and above

# IOSTATS

- If plan statistics are gathered, this format option shows the I/O statistics for the plan
- Must have one of the following set
  - */\*+ GATHER\_PLAN\_STATISTICS \*/ hint set in the query*
  - *Alter [session/system] set statistics\_level = ALL;*
  - *STATISTICS\_LEVEL parameter set to ALL (default is typical)*
- **\*NOTE\*** this causes additional overhead – please do not set to ALL for the entire database and leave it that way.
- If those are not set, the NOTE section will complain (shown in demo)
- IO means logical and physical I/O
- Have to adjust linesize to display properly (I use 132, but this changes with indents)
  - *If >=18c, use set linesize window*

# IOSTATS, Cont'd

- IOSTATS gives us additional data
- Starts
- E-Rows and A-Rows
  - *This gives an optimizer sanity check – are e-rows and a-rows close?*
- A-Time
- Buffers
  - *This allows you to do a sanity check on efficiency (i/os per row/table?)*
    - LIOs 10x the number of rows is really good
    - 100x should stand out as probably can be improved
- Reads
- Writes

# MEMSTATS

- Displays memory statistics used for an operation
- Requires auto PGA management
- Useful for memory-intensive operations (hash joins, sorts, etc)
- Shows whether things dumped to disk
- Adds OMem, 1Mem, Used-Mem, Used-Tmp columns
  - *These values come from v\$sql\_workarea (thanks, Rob van Wijk!)*

# ALLSTATS

- Shortcut for IOSTATS + MEMSTATS
- Linesize 132 is too small, I use 180
  - *If  $\geq 18c$ , use set linesize window*
- This is what I typically use, so I can see everything

# LAST

- Use with IOSTATS, MEMSTATS, ALLSTATS
- By default these show statistics for all executions (because we are greedy by default)
- LAST shows only statistics from the last execution



# Deprecated formats

- Deprecated but still work for backward compatibility
- RUNSTATS\_TOT
  - Same as IOSTATS
    - Displays IOSTATS across all executions
- RUNSTATS\_LAST
  - Same as IOSTATS LAST
    - Displays IOSTATS for last execution

# PEEKED\_BINDS

- Displays the peeked binds the query used
- Appears to come from dba\_hist\_sqlbind (except for STS)
- Usable for DISPLAY\_CURSOR(), DISPLAY\_SQLSET(), and DISPLAY\_AWR()

```
SELECT REQUIREMENTDATAHISTORYID FROM REQUIREMENTDATAHISTORY WHERE  
UPDATEDATE BETWEEN :B2 AND :B1
```

Plan hash value: 1638392505

Id	Operation	Name	Rows	Bytes	Cost (%CPU)	Time
0	SELECT STATEMENT				160K(100)	
* 1	FILTER					
* 2	TABLE ACCESS FULL	REQUIREMENTDATAHISTORY	3	42	160K (2)	00:00:07

Peeked Binds (identified by position):

```
-----  
1 - :B2 (DATE): 01/02/2018 03:30:17  
2 - :B1 (DATE): 01/02/2018 03:53:46
```

# OUTLINE

- Displays the full set of hints required to reproduce the plan
- This is particularly handy when trying to reproduce a past plan
  - *You have a query that performs poorly but used to perform well*
  - *Get the outline hints from `display_awr()`*
  - *Use those hints to get the good plan in cache and baseline it*
- Outline hints also shows join order (Thanks, Maria Colgan!)

# ADVANCED

- Appears to give ALL + OUTLINE

# HINT\_REPORT[\_USED|UNUSED]

- Hints can be hard to use, and may silently fail
- 19c has nifty stuff for seeing hints via DBMS\_XPLAN
- `_USED` shows used hints
- `_UNUSED` shows hints that weren't used or had syntax errors
  - *Included in the TYPICAL base format*
- Status of hints
  - *No status – hint was used*
  - *U – unused*
  - *N – unresolved*
  - *E – syntax error*

## HINT\_REPORT, cont'd

- Mutually exclusive hints, both are 'unused'
- Helpful comments are a 'syntax error'
- Query blocks that don't exist are 'not resolved'
  - don't have a status, but are associated with plan line # 0
- Multiple hints for the same thing in different places are 'unused' (one or more are overridden)
- Sometimes hints are used that cause others to be excluded, those are 'unused'

# Additional formats demo

Questions?



# Thank you!

- Thank you for attending this presentation!
- My contact information:
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  - [@dallasdeeds](#)

# Acknowledgements & References

- Oracle Documentation
  - [https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/19/arpls/DBMS\\_XPLAN.html#GUID-ED750F75-CC30-4C4F-B5A5-94D7599AEB97](https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/19/arpls/DBMS_XPLAN.html#GUID-ED750F75-CC30-4C4F-B5A5-94D7599AEB97)
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- Rob van Wijk
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- The Optimizer in Oracle Database 19c (Oracle whitepaper, Author Nigel Bayliss)
  - <https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/bi-datawarehousing/twp-optimizer-with-oracledb-19c-5324206.pdf>
- Oracle docs for showing how hint\_report works
  - <https://docs.oracle.com/en/database/oracle/oracle-database/19/tgsql/influencing-the-optimizer.html#GUID-1697E7CA-9DD0-4C0D-9BC9-E4E17334C0AA>